

Computing Department



Enrichment and Personal Development		Links to Careers in Computing	Catholicity in the Curriculum		
Year 7	After school Code club – Opportunity for pupils to develop their programming skills further Using computers safely securely and responsibly. Problem solving, logical thinking, computational thinking, communicating ideas, creative thinking.	Cybersecurity expert Computer programmer Cybercrime detective Social media analyst	Dignity: Pupils studying E-safety reflect on the dignity of the person and the common good by thinking about the impact of their actions online. The impact and consequences of cyberbullying, sexting and a person digital footprint.		
Year 8	After school Code club – Opportunity for pupils to develop their programming skills further Problem solving, logical thinking, computational thinking, communicating ideas, critical thinking, creative thinking.	Primary school teacher Network engineer Video games designer	Dignity of work and participation and creation: Pupils consider the impact of new technology including Artificial Intelligence in terms of the ethical, cultural and social impact		
Year 9	After school Code club – Opportunity for pupils to develop their programming skills further Problem solving, logical thinking, computational thinking, communicating ideas, critical thinking, creative thinking.	Software engineer Computer forensic specialist Graphic designer Media careers - video editor, graphics designer, programme editor	The common good: Pupils reflect of the benefits on new technology and dignity of the human person, eg considering privacy against security such as GPS tracking. Pupils consider the common good eg when programming driverless cars to make decisions Solidarity: Pupils consider the importance of charities in disaster relief.		
Year 10	After school Code club – Opportunity for pupils to develop their programming skills further Problem solving, logical thinking, computational thinking. Cultural, social and environmental use of ICT.	Military drone operator Computer forensic investigator Virtual reality developer Interior designer	Pupils study the ethical, cultural, legal and environmental issue associated with ICT. Creation of the environment: Pupils consider the impact of e waste and sustainability. Dignity of work and participation: Pupils consider the impact of working in e-waste facilities in third world countries. Common good: The positive impact of technology in the use of robotics in		
Year 11	After school Code club – Opportunity for pupils to develop their programming skills further. Impact of digital technology on people's lives.	Mobile phone developer Cloud architect IT consultant Robotics engineer	healthcare. Dignity of the human person: Protecting personal data cyber security issues.		



Key areas of focus in this unit of work



Subject specific knowledge



Assessment (including both formative and summative)



Interdisciplinary Learning



Progression of learning

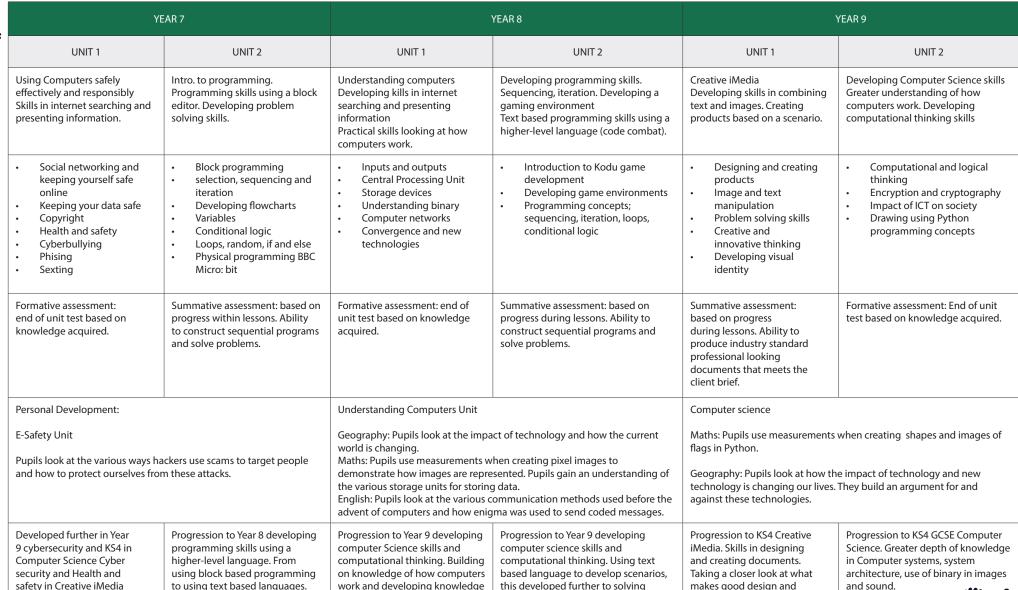
Design, write and debug programs
Use sequence, selection and iteration in programs
Logical reasoning
Select use and combine a variety of software

Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly

Computing Department KS3 Curriculum Journey







problems with text based language

how effective design can influence audiences.

further such as binary addition.



KS2 Transferable Skills

Design, write and debug programs Use sequence, selection and iteration in programs Logical reasoning Select use and combine a variety of software Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly

Creative Imedia KS4 Curriculum Journey



















CREATIVE IMEDIA									
UNIT 1 (R093)	UNIT 2 (R094)	UNIT 3 (R097)							
Creative Media in the media industry	Visual identity and digital graphics	Interactive digital media							
In this unit pupils will learn about the sectors, products and job roles that form the media industry. You will learn the legal and ethical issues considered and the processes used to plan and create digital media products.	In this unit pupils will learn how to develop visual identities for clients.	In this unit pupils will learn to design and create interactive digital media products for chosen platforms.							
How media codes are used within the creation of media products to convey meaning, create impact and engage audiences. Pupils will learn to choose the most appropriate format and properties for different media products. Media industry sectors and products Factors influencing product design Pre-production planning Legal issues that affect media Distribution platforms and media to reach audiences	Apply the concepts of graphic design to create original digital graphics which incorporate your visual identity to engage a target audience. Develop visual identity Plan digital graphics for products Create visual identity and digital graphics Tools and techniques of imaging editing software used to create digital graphics	In this unit pupils will learn to select, edit and repurpose multimedia content of different kinds and create the structure and interactive elements necessary for an effective user experience. Types of interactive digital media, content and associated hardware Create interactive digital media Review interactive digital media							
Formative assessment: This unit is assessed by a 90 minute exam which has 70 marks in total. It has two sections – Section A has 10 marks based on 7 and 10 closed response, multiple choice and short answer questions which assess the recall of knowledge and understanding. Section B has 60 marks. This will have context-based questions. Students will be presented with a short scenario which develops through the paper and will apply their knowledge of Creative iMedia concepts to produce relevant responses.	Summative assessment: Non-Examined Assessment internally marked by teachers using the OCR marking criteria and guidance and externally moderated by the OCR-appointed moderator. The quality of planning documents, creation of digital artefacts and reviewing of the final product in relation to client brief and audience will be assessed.	Summative assessment: Non-Examined Assessment internally marked by teachers using the OCR marking criteria and guidance and externally moderated by the OCR-appointed moderator. The quality of planning documents, creation of digital artefacts and reviewing of the final product in relation to client brief and audience will be assessed.							
	All subjects (Exam techniques): Pupils analyse a scenario provided by the exam board and create a client brief based on their assumptions of what needs to be created.								
Some of the knowledge, understanding and skills acquired when completing this unit will be developed in Unit 2 & Unit 3. How purpose and audience will affect the design of specific documents. Planning documents such as mind maps, spider diagrams, mood boards, visualisation diagrams and Gantt charts can be used to inform planning.	Some of the knowledge, understanding and skills acquired when completing this unit will be developed in Unit 3. These include; visual identity to inform planning and develop of documents. Using image editing software to repurpose and create digital graphics.	Once completing the course pupils may go onto develop their skills further following BTEC Extended Certificate in IT Level 3 or Cambridge Technical in IT Level 3. It will also provide the skills necessary for a range of creative and technical job roles within the media industry.							

Computing Department KS4 Curriculum Journey



Science.













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			COMPUTER SCIENCE				
UNIT 1	UNIT 2	UNIT 3	UNIT 4	UNIT 5	UNIT 6	UNIT 7	UNIT 8
System Architecture	Data Representation	Networks and network protocols	Network security and system software	Impacts of digital technology	Algorithms	Programming	Logic and languages
Architecture of the CPU. Common CPU components. Von Neumann Architecture CPU performance Embedded systems Primary Memory & Secondary storage	Units and binary numbers Binary and hexadecimal characters Data representation of images and sound Lossy and lossless compression	The internet and wide area networks Local area networks Wireless networking Client servers and P2P networks Standard protocols and layers	Threats to computer systems and networks Identifying and preventing vulnerabilities Operating systems Utility software	Impacts of digital technology on wider society. Ethical and cultural issues Environmental issues Legislation relevant to Computer Science. Privacy issues	Computational thinking Searching algorithms Sorting algorithms Flowcharts Pseudocode Interpret, correct and complete algorithms	Programming fundamentals Sequence & selection Iteration Arrays Procedures & functions Records & files Structured Query Language	Logic diagrams and truth tables Boolean logic Defensive design Errors and testing Translators and facilities of languages Integrated Development Environment
Formative assessment: end of unit test based on subject knowledge. Externally assessed written examination Paper 1 Computer Systems.	Formative assessment: end of unit test based on subject knowledge. Externally assessed written examination Paper 1 Computer Systems.	Formative assessment: end of unit test based on subject knowledge. Externally assessed written examination Paper 1 Computer Systems.	Formative assessment: end of unit test based on subject knowledge. Externally assessed written examination Paper 1 Computer Systems.	Formative assessment: end of unit test based on subject knowledge. Externally assessed written examination Paper 1 Computer Systems.	Formative assessment: end of unit test. Externally assessed written examination Paper 2 Computational thinking, algorithms and programming.	Formative assessment: end of unit test. Externally assessed written examination Paper 2 Computational thinking, algorithms and programming.	Formative assessment: end of unit test. Externally assessed written examination Paper 2 Computational thinking, algorithms and programming.
Maths: Pupils use measurements when referring to clock speed (Hertz) and cache size. History: Pupils look at the history of computing and how Von Neumann created the stored program concept.	Maths: Pupils use measurements when referring to memory in stage in terms of bit and bytes and well as conversions between binary and denary and Hexadecimal.		Personal Development: Pupils look at the various way hackers and the various scams that people use in targeting people and how to protect ourselves from these attacks.	Geography: Pupils look at how the impact of technology and new technology is changing our lives. They build an argument for and against these technologies.	Maths: Pupils use measurements when creating shapes in Python programming.	Maths: Pupils use measurements when creating shapes in Python.	
Links to data representation and networks and how physical components work in conjunction with software. Progression to AS/A Level Computer Science.	Links to how information and data is sent across networks. Progression to AS/A Level Computer Science.	Links to Network security and how criminals can exploit vulnerable networks. Progression to AS/A Level Computer Science.	Links to networks and how criminals can exploit vulnerable networks. Progression to AS/A Level Computer Science.	Links to Network security through legislation such as Data Protection Act. Progression to AS/A Level Computer Science.	Links to Programming and how the algorithm can be transfer into a program Progression to AS/A Level Computer Science.	Links to Logic and languages and the importance of testing to ensure the program is robust and error free. Progression to AS/A Level Computer	Progression to AS/A Level Computer Science.