

GCSE Physical Education Department



Enrichment and Personal Development		Links to Careers in Physical Education	
Year 10 Year 11	Year 10 and 11: Pupils will be offered the opportunity to participate in an extensive extra-curricular programme that includes (but is not limited to) sports such as, trampolining, netball, football, table tennis, dance, boxing and fitness. Pupils will also be invited to attend an OAA residential trip to continue to develop skills from practical lessons such as teamwork, confidence and problem solving. Pupils will be offered the opportunity to hear from local colleges and different pathways into higher education through sport. Throughout Year 10 and 11 GCSE pupils will focus on different areas of personal development including what it means to live a healthy lifestyle and maintaining a healthy weight. They will develop an understanding of obesity, overweight and overfat body types. They will also look at the importance of nutrition, the benefits of physical exercise and the physical risks associated with smoking and alcohol.	Year 10	Through studying a multitude of anatomical and physiological topics during Year 10, pupils can build basic knowledge for careers in multiple avenues. Knowledge of the body systems will allow pupils to move into careers such as sports scientists, cardiac sciences, exercise physiologists and fitness instructors. Pupils will also study topics that delve into movement analysis of performers. This will prepare them for sports coaching, sports analysis, sports reporting and sports rehabilitation practitioners. Alongside their theoretical learning, pupils will develop their practical performance and this could prepare them for becoming professional sportsmen and teaching PE.
		Year 11	Pupils will develop their knowledge of training programmes through the completion of their coursework unit developing a personal exercise programme for their own performance. This will prepare them for a career in the fitness industry, specifically gym instructing and personal training as it addresses the need to adapt exercises to suit the needs of an individual and progressively overload this to ensure they improve. During Year 11, pupils will also review their knowledge of skill complexity continuums, classification of skill and the different types of guidance and feedback. This knowledge will prepare them for careers in sports psychology such as lead performance psychologists at professional sports clubs as well as lecturing in sports psychology in further education.









KS3 Transferable Skills

Declarative Knowledge:

Cardiovascular System:

Pathway of air

Respiratory System

Muscular System

Skeletal System

Cardiac

Skeleta

Functions

Extension

Formative:

Abduction

Mineral storage

Joints for movement

Components of blood

Pupils will develop knowledge of:

Aerobic and anaerobic energy

Inhalation and exhalation

Muscle classifications

Classification of bones

Muscle fibre types

Procedural Knowledge:

Structure of the respiratory system

Functions of the skeletal system

Identification of the location of muscles

performers and specific sporting examples

short answer and developed answer exam questions.

representation of heart rates and respiratory volumes.

- Knowledge of health and fitness including the components of health-related fitness, how to measure components of fitness using fitness testing and how to improve cardiovascular health can be applied and developed during the study of Component 1.
- The development of skills learnt during practical lessons in KS3 will be built on with a greater focus on precision of technique and application to highly
- Tactical awareness, officiating and leadership will all be built upon during practical performance.

· Structure of the heart and functions of the cardiovascular system

Autumn

Pupils will apply all of the knowledge they develop to a variety of sports

Pupil will use their knowledge to interpret data including graphical

Pupils will apply knowledge of the different body systems to multiple choice,

Adduction

fibres

Inhalation

Fatique

Tasks within classes that both apply and review knowledge - these will be self

Exhalation

Short, long, flat and irregular bones

Type I, Type IIa and Type IIx muscle

GCSE Physical Education Department Year 10 Curriculum Journey

Spring

Pupils will continue to develop their knowledge of the body systems and how they

Apply their knowledge of fitness testing to interpret graphical and numerical

Apply knowledge of levers, planes and axis to specific sports performance and

Apply knowledge of levers to be able to identify where and when mechanical

Apply all knowledge of Component Two to a variety of multiple choice, long and

Vertical

Transverse

Hypertrophy

Sit and Reach

Illinois Agility

Harvard Step Test

Class 1, 2 and 3

12 Minute Cooper Run

be able to identify and explain the types of movement that occurred.





























	and peer assessed
•	Low tariff recall activities
Sumi	mative:
•	End of half term exam reviewing knowledge from topics learnt. This will happen twice during the Autumn term (October and December)
•	Analysis of end of HT testing to be completed.
	Is will use this knowledge to create a basis for their anatomical and
phys	iological learning. This will be used to inform answers and interleave with o
	es as they progress through Year 10 and 11. Knowledge of the body systems

is key for when pupils move onto their physical training unit and have to apply knowledge of these in order to improve. This knowledge will also be developed

when writing their PEP (coursework in Year 11).

Teacher observation and questioning throughout lessons.

Formative:

Fartlek

Interval

Continuous

Flexibility

Frontal

Sagittal

- Teacher observation and questioning throughout lessons.
- Tasks within classes that both apply and review knowledge these will be self and peer assessed
- Low tariff recall activities

Declarative Knowledge

Physical Training

Pupils will develop knowledge of:

can affect sports performance

Methods of Training

Principles of Training

Long term effects of physical training

data analysis of fitness test results.

advantage and disadvantage might occur.

SMART targets

Fitness Testing

Classes of Levers

Procedural Knowledge:

Mechanical Advantage

short answer questions

Cardiovascular Fitness

Muscular Endurance

Muscular Strength

Mechanical Disadvantage

Movement Analysis:

Planes

Axis

Components of Fitness

- End of half term exam reviewing knowledge from topics learnt. This will happen once during the Spring Term (February HT)

interleave with other topics as they progress through Year 10 and 11.

- Full Paper One to be sat week before Easter
- Analysis of end of HT testing to be completed

Formative:

- Teacher observation and questioning throughout lessons.
- Tasks within classes that both apply and review knowledge these will be self and peer assessed
- End of HT test to be sat reviewing prior knowledge of all Paper 2 topics prior
- Full exam series including a Paper 1 and a Paper 2 to be sat prior to the
- Analysis of end of HT testing to be completed.

Pupils will use this knowledge as they progress into Year 11 to help them create their Pupils will continue to embed this knowledge as they progress into Year 11. This PEP (Component 4). Pupils will have to identify a sport and decide which components of fitness will need improving. Through the use of knowledge of methods of training, components of fitness and fitness testing from this term, pupils will be able to create an in-depth piece of work that includes application of knowledge to the correct sporting examples. This knowledge will also be used to inform answers and

Declarative Knowledge

- Health
- Social Emotional
- Physical
- Effects of sleep, rest and diet on health.

Sedentary Lifestyle and the risks carried by this.

Nutritional requirements of a performer including macro nutrients and micro nutrients.

Summer

Types of guidance and feedback:

- Intrinsic, extrinsic, concurrent terminal
- Open, closed, simple complex

Participation rates in sport

The link between commercialisation and sport

Sporting behaviours: gamesmanship, sportsmanship and deviance

Procedural Knowledge:

- Apply knowledge of participation rates to graphical representations and
- Pupils will apply all knowledge of health and sedentary lifestyles to exam
- Pupils will develop basic knowledge of answering long answer exam questions
- Pupils will apply knowledge to a full exam series, further developing their
 - knowledge of exam questioning.
- Gamesmanship Coronary heart disease
 - Sportsmanship
- Deviance Overfat
- Overweight
- Obesity
- Depression
- Blood pressure

- Water and hydration

Commercialisation

The Golden Triangle

Carbohydrates

- Minerals and Vitamins
- Socio-economic groups

Protein

- Low tariff recall activities

knowledge will provide a sound basis for pupils to be apply to apply to exam questions and focus on developing their exam technique during the Spring and Summer terms when reviewing key components of both papers.



GCSE Physical Education Department Year 11





Ü	3













Curriculum Journey							
Autumn	Spi	ring	Summer				
Declarative Knowledge: Pupils will develop knowledge of:	Declarative Knowledge: Pupils will further develop and review the	Declarative Knowledge: Pupils will further develop and review their knowledge of:		Pupils will review their knowledge of Paper 2 topics with a focus on exam technique and applying information to exam questions. This will include:			
How to create a personal exercise programme for a sport of their choice. They will further develop their knowledge of components of fitness, training methods and fitness testing. They will develop their knowledge of creating and understanding data analy performance. Pupils will begin to review their knowledge of the basic body systems includ cardio-respiratory and musculo-skeletal. Procedural Knowledge: Pupils will apply all of the knowledge they develop to a particular sport performer to create the basis of their coursework. Pupils will apply knowledge of the different body systems to multiple chance short answer and developed answer exam questions. Pupils will use their knowledge to interpret data including graphical representation of fitness testing, heart rates and performance data to e that fitness improvements are being made.	Physical training content including metho fitness testing. Movement analysis including knowledge of linked with sports performance. Physical Training: • Methods of Training • Components of Fitness • SMART targets • Fitness Testing • Principles of Training • Long term effects of physical training Movement Analysis: • Planes • Axis re • Classes of Levers • Mechanical Advantage • Mechanical Disadvantage Procedural Knowledge: • Pupils will apply knowledge of physic multiple choice, short answer and de • Pupils will use their knowledge to in representation of fitness testing, hea that fitness improvements are being Pupils will use their knowledge to ap ensure maximum marks can be gaine • Pupils will continue to work on exam AO1, AO2 and AO3.	Movement analysis including knowledge of levers, planes and axis and how they are linked with sports performance. Physical Training: • Methods of Training • Components of Fitness • SMART targets • Fitness Testing • Principles of Training • Long term effects of physical training Movement Analysis: • Planes • Axis • Classes of Levers • Mechanical Advantage • Mechanical Disadvantage Procedural Knowledge: • Pupils will apply knowledge of physical training and movement analysis to multiple choice, short answer and developed answer exam questions. • Pupils will use their knowledge to interpret data including graphical representation of fitness testing, heart rates and performance data to ensure that fitness improvements are being made. • Pupils will use their knowledge to apply it to 9-mark questions effectively to ensure maximum marks can be gained. • Pupils will continue to work on exam technique and ability to identify and use		Declarative Knowledge: Health Social Emotional Physical Effects of sleep, rest and diet on health. Sedentary Lifestyle and the risks carried by this. Nutritional requirements of a performer including macro nutrients and micro nutrients. Types of guidance and feedback: Intrinsic, extrinsic, concurrent terminal Open, closed, simple complex Participation rates in sport The link between commercialisation and sport Sporting behaviours: gamesmanship, sportsmanship and deviance. Procedural Knowledge: Apply knowledge of participation rates to graphical representations and analysis of these. Pupils will apply knowledge of physical training and movement analysis to multiple choice, short answer and developed answer exam questions. Pupils will use their knowledge and apply it to 9-mark questions effectively to ensure maximum marks can be gained. Pupils will continue to work on exam technique and ability to identify and use AO1, AO2 and AO3.			
Cardiac Skeletal Functions Mineral storage Joints for movement Flexion Abduction Formative: Teacher observation and questioning throughout lessons. Tasks within classes that both apply and review knowledge – these wind and peer assessed Low tariff recall activities Summative: End of halt term exam reviewing knowledge from topics learnt. This whappen twice during the Autumn term (October and December)	Continuous Cardiovascular Fitness Flexibility Muscular Endurance Muscular Strength Frontal Sagittal Formative: Teacher observation and questionii Tasks within classes that both appl and peer assessed Summative: Pupils will complete a test reviewir Prior to Easter, pupils will complete	Interval Continuous Cardiovascular Fitness Flexibility Muscular Strength Frontal Sagittal Formative: Teacher observation and questioning throughout lessons. Tasks within classes that both apply and review knowledge – these will be self and peer assessed Summative: Pupils will complete a test reviewing knowledge so far prior to February HT. Prior to Easter, pupils will complete a minimum of 2 full exam papers.		Coronary heart disease Commercialisation The Golden Triangle Protein Carbohydrates Minerals and Vitamins Water and hydration Socio-economic groups g throughout lessons. and review knowledge – these will be self			

Pupils could use this knowledge to enter further education to study A Level physical education or a vocational course in sports science alongside Biology qualifications if desired. This knowledge can be developed into pathways for higher education including BSC Sports Science, BSc Anatomical Sciences or BSc Sport and Exercise Physiology (can be progressed to MSc). Knowledge of their PEP will allow pupils progress into further education to study a BTEC in Sport and Activity leading or gain an apprenticeship in the fitness

This further development of knowledge at further and higher education can lead to careers in fitness coaching, sports wellness coaching, personal training, sports physiotherapy and/or exercise physiology.